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INSURER INFORMATION NOTICE

NOTICE REQUIREMENT

IF YOU HAVE A COMPLAINT, AND CONTACTS BETWEEN YOU AND THE INSURER OR AN AGENT OR OTHER REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INSURER HAVE FAILED TO PRODUCE A SATISFACTORY SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM, THEN YOU MAY CONTACT:

STATE OF CALIFORNIA INSURANCE DEPARTMENT CONSUMER COMMUNICATIONS BUREAU 300 SOUTH SPRING STREET, SOUTH TOWER LOS ANGELES, CA 90013

1-800-927-HELP

THE HARTFORD'S ADDRESS AND TOLL-FREE NUMBER IS:

THE HARTFORD GROUP BENEFIT'S DIVISION POLICYHOLDER SERVICES, P.O. BOX 2999 HARTFORD, CT 06104-2999 TELEPHONE: 1-800-572-9047



HARTFORD LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY

Hartford, Connecticut (Herein called Hartford Life)

CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE

Under

The Group Insurance Policy

As of the

Effective Date

Issued by

HARTFORD LIFE

to

The Policyholder

This is to certify that We have issued and delivered the Group Insurance Policy (Policy) to the Policyholder. The Policy insures the Policyholder's employees who:

- are eligible for the insurance;
- become insured; and
- continue to be insured,

according to the terms of the Policy.

EMPLOYEE NAME:	
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER:	

The terms of the Policy which affect an employee's insurance are summarized in the following pages.

This Certificate of Insurance, and the following pages, will become Your Booklet-certificate. The Booklet-certificate is a part of the Policy. This Booklet-certificate replaces any other which We may have issued to the Policyholder to give to You under the Policy specified herein.

Terence Shields, Secretary

Michael Concannon, Executive Vice President

Some of the terms used within this Booklet-certificate are capitalized and have special meanings. Please refer to the definitions at the end of this Booklet-certificate when reading about Your benefits.

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

Final interpretation of all provisions and coverages will be governed by the Group Insurance Policy on file with Hartford Life at its home office.

The Policyholder: RIO HONDO COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The Policy Number: GL-873977

THE BENEFITS DESCRIBED HEREIN ARE THOSE IN EFFECT AS OF APRIL 1, 2014.

Policy Effective Date: January 1, 2014

Anniversary Date: January 1 of each year, beginning in 2015.

Who is eligible for coverage?

Eligible Class(es): All eligible Active faculty, confidential employees and management of

the Policyholder who are U.S. citizens or U.S. residents, excluding

temporary and seasonal employees

When will You become eligible? (Eligibility Waiting Period)

You will be eligible for coverage on the first day of the month coincident with or next following Your date of hire.

The waiting period will be reduced by the period of time You were an Active Full-time Employee with the Employer under the Prior Plan.

What is Evidence of Good Health?

Evidence of Good Health is information about a person's health from which We can determine if coverage or increases in coverage will be effective. Information may include questionnaires, physical exams, or written documentation as required by Us.

Inquiries as to the status of Your submission of Evidence of Good Health should be addressed to Your Employer and/or Benefit Administrator. We, Your Employer and/or Benefit Administrator will notify You of approvals. We will notify You, in writing, of any disapprovals.

When will Evidence of Good Health be required?

Evidence of Good Health is required if:

- 1. You enroll for coverage more than 31 days after the date You are first eligible to do so for any amount of Life Insurance for Yourself; or
- 2. You elect no coverage when eligible to do so and later opt for coverage for any Amount of Life Insurance for Yourself.

Evidence of Good Health must be provided at Your own expense.

If Evidence of Good Health is not approved in the situation(s) described above, no coverage will become effective.

AMOUNT OF LIFE INSURANCE Employee Only

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873977(GL)1.6

What Life benefits are available to You?

Basic Amount of Life Insurance:

An amount equal to \$50,000.

Supplemental Amount of Life Insurance:

The Amount You elect is indicated on Your group enrollment form.

Your Amount of Life Insurance will be reduced by any life benefit:

- 1. paid to You under an accelerated death benefit in the Prior Plan; and
- 2. in force for You under any disability extension provision of the Prior Plan.

If You convert, does it affect the Amount of Life Insurance benefit payable?

The Amount of Life Insurance under the Policy will be reduced by the amount of the individual life insurance issued in accordance with the Conversion Privilege for reasons other than reductions in coverage.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH, DISMEMBERMENT AND LOSS OF SIGHT BENEFIT (AD&D) Employee Only

What AD&D Benefits are available to You?

Basic Principal Sum:

An amount which equals the Basic Amount of Life Insurance in force for You.

Supplemental Principal Sum:

An amount which equals the Supplemental Amount of Life Insurance in force for You.

Although Evidence of Good Health is not required for AD&D benefits, the Principal Sum will not exceed the Amount of Life Insurance for which You are insured.

The Amount You elect is indicated on Your group enrollment form.

ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

Must You contribute toward the cost of coverage?

With respect to Basic Life Insurance and Basic AD&D coverage, You do not contribute toward the cost.

With respect to Supplemental Life Insurance and Supplemental AD&D coverage, You must contribute toward the cost.

How do You enroll?

To enroll You must:

- 1. complete and sign a group insurance enrollment form which is satisfactory to Us; and
- 2. deliver it to the Employer.

If You do not enroll within 31 days after becoming eligible, the following limitations will apply to a later enrollment:

- 1. You must submit Evidence of Good Health; and
- 2. You may not enroll until:
 - a) an Annual Enrollment Period; or
 - b) You have a Change in Family Status.

Any such enrollment must be made during the Annual Enrollment Period or within 31 days of the Change in Family Status.

The Annual Enrollment Period is January 0th through January 0th.

What constitutes a Change in Family Status?

A Change in Family Status means:

- 1. Your marriage, or the birth or adoption of a child, or becoming the legal guardian of a child;
- 2. the death of or divorce from Your spouse;
- 3. the death of or emancipation of a child;
- 4. spouse's loss of employment which results in a loss of group insurance; or
- 5. change in classification from Part-time to Full-time or from Full-time to Part-time.

When does coverage start?

Your coverage will start on the latest of the dates determined below:

- 1. the date You become eligible, if You enroll or have enrolled by then;
- 2. the date on which You enroll, if You do so within 31 days after the date You are eligible;
- 3. the date We approve Evidence of Good Health which We may have required; or
- 4. the first day of the month following the Annual Enrollment Period if You enroll during an Annual Enrollment Period.

All of the above effective dates are subject to the Deferred Effective Date provision.

What is the Deferred Effective Date provision for employees?

If You are absent from work due to a physical or mental condition on the date Your insurance, an increase in coverage or a new benefit added to the Policy would otherwise have become effective, the effective date of Your insurance, any increase in insurance or the additional benefit will be deferred until the date You return to work as an Active Full-time Employee.

Are there exceptions to the Deferred Effective Date provision?

If You were insured under the Prior Plan on the day before the Policy Effective Date and You would be eligible for coverage on the Policy Effective Date except that You are not able to meet the requirements of the Deferred Effective Date provision, then:

- 1. the Deferred Effective Date provision will not apply to the original effective date of coverage; and
- 2. the coverage amount shown in the Schedule of Insurance will not apply to You.

Instead, You will be considered to be insured and Your coverage amount will be the lesser of:

- 1. the Amount of Life Insurance and Principal Sum under the Prior Plan; or
- 2. the Amount of Life Insurance and Principal Sum shown in the Schedule of Insurance,

reduced by:

- 1. any coverage amount in force or otherwise payable due to any disability benefit extension under the Prior Plan; or
- 2. any coverage amount that would have been in force due to any disability benefit extension under the Prior Plan had timely election for the disability provision been made.

You will remain insured under this provision until the first to occur of:

- 1. the date You return to work as an Active Full-time Employee;
- 2. the date Your insurance terminates for a reason stated under the Termination provision;
- 3. the last day of a period of 12 consecutive months which begins on the Policy Effective Date; or
- 4. the last day You would have been covered under the Prior Plan, had the Prior Plan not terminated.

When are changes effective?

The provisions, terms and conditions of the Schedule of Insurance or this Booklet-certificate may be modified, amended or changed at any time; consent from any covered individual is not required.

If there is any type of change in Your class, the Schedule of Insurance or the Booklet-certificate which:

- 1. decreases an amount of coverage or deletes, limits or restricts the availability of a benefit or provision, then that decrease, deletion, limitation or restriction will be effective on the date the change in class, the Schedule of Insurance or the Booklet-certificate is effective;
- 2. increases an amount of coverage or adds, improves or increases availability of a benefit or provision, then that increase, addition or improvement will be effective on the date the change in class, the Schedule of Insurance or the Booklet-certificate is effective, subject to application of the Deferred Effective Date provision and Our approval where Evidence of Good Health is required.

BENEFITS

Life Insurance Benefit

To whom and how are benefits paid?

A completed claim form, a certified copy of the death certificate and Your enrollment form must be sent to the Employer or Us. When the required claim papers are received and approved by Us, the Amount of Life Insurance will be paid.

Your death benefit will be paid in a lump sum to the beneficiary(ies) designated by You in writing and on file with the Employer.

Unless You have requested something different, payment will be made as follows:

- 1. If more than one beneficiary is named, each will be paid an equal share.
- 2. If any named beneficiary dies before You, His share will be divided equally among the named surviving beneficiaries.

If no beneficiary is named, or if no named beneficiary survives You, We may, at Our option, pay:

- 1. up to \$500 of Your life insurance to any party that We deem is entitled because of their payment of burial expenses. We will be released from further liability for any amount so paid; and/or
- 2. the executors or administrators of Your estate; or
- 3. Your surviving relatives in the following order:
 - a) all to Your surviving spouse; or
 - b) if Your spouse does not survive You, in equal shares to Your surviving children; or
 - c) if no child survives You, in equal shares to Your surviving parents.

If a minor does not have a legal guardian, We may, until such a guardian is appointed, pay the person We deem to be caring for and supporting him. Such payment will be in monthly installments of not more than \$200.

What benefit is payable if Your death results from suicide?

No Supplemental Life benefit will be payable if death results from suicide, whether sane or insane, within 2 years of the effective date of Your coverage. Additionally, if death resulting from suicide, whether sane or insane, occurs within 2 years of the effective date of an increase in Your coverage, the death benefit payable is limited to the amount of coverage in force prior to the increase. The 2 year period includes the time coverage was in force under a Prior Plan.

Accelerated Death Benefit

What is the benefit?

If You are diagnosed as being Terminally III and proof of such diagnosis is provided by an attending physician licensed to practice in the United States, and You are:

- 1. less than age 65; and
- insured for at least \$10,000.

then You may request that a portion of Your Amount of Life Insurance be paid to You prior to death.

The request cannot exceed 80% of the in force Amount of Life Insurance, and is subject to a minimum of \$3,000 and a maximum of \$500,000. You may exercise this option only once per person.

For example, if You have an Amount of Life Insurance equal to \$20,000 and You are Terminally III, You can request any portion of the life insurance between \$3,000 to \$16,000 to be paid to You now instead of to Your beneficiary at Your death. However, if You decide to request only \$3,000 now, You cannot request the additional \$13,000 in the future.

What does Terminal Illness/Terminally Ill mean?

Terminally Ill or Terminal Illness means that an individual has a life expectancy of 12 months or less.

RECEIPT OF ANY BENEFITS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PROVISION WILL REDUCE LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS PAYABLE UPON DEATH.

What if an individual is no longer Terminally Ill?

If diagnosed as no longer Terminally III, coverage may or may not remain in force. Coverage which remains in force will be reduced by any amount of Accelerated Death Benefits received and premium is due for this reduced amount. If coverage does not remain in force, then the reduced amount of coverage may be converted.

What limitations apply to this benefit?

The Accelerated Death Benefit provision will be subject to all applicable terms and conditions of the Policy.

No Accelerated Death Benefit will be paid if You are required by law to accelerate benefits to meet the claims of creditors, or if a government agency requires You to apply for benefits to qualify for a government benefit or entitlement.

What if You made an assignment under this plan?

If You have executed an assignment of rights and interest with respect to Your Amount of Life Insurance, in order to pay benefits to You under this provision, We must receive a release from the individual to whom the assignment was made before any benefits are payable.

Accidental Death and Dismemberment (AD&D) Benefit Employee Only

What conditions are necessary for benefits to become payable?

We will pay a benefit if You suffer an accidental injury while insured and:

- 1. a Loss results directly from such injury, independent of all other causes; and
- 2. such Loss occurs within 365 days after the date of the accident causing the injury.

When should We be notified of a claim?

A claimant must give Us, or Our appropriate representative, written notice of a claim within 20 days after the Loss happens or starts. If notice cannot be given within that time, it must be given as soon as possible after that.

Such notice must include:

- 1. the claimant's name and address; and
- 2. the Policy or account number.

Are special forms required to file a claim?

Within 15 days of receiving a notice of claim, We or Our appropriate representative will send forms to the claimant for providing proof of Loss. If the forms are not provided within 15 days, the claimant may submit any other written proof which fully describes the nature and extent of claim.

When must proof of Loss be given?

Satisfactory written proof of Loss must be sent to Us or Our appropriate representative, within 90 days after the date of such Loss. However, all claims must be submitted to Us within 90 days of the date any individual's insurance terminates.

If proof is not given by the time it is due, it will not affect the claim if:

- 1. it was not possible to give proof within the required time; and
- 2. proof is given as soon as possible, but no later than a year after it is due unless the claimant is not legally competent.

When and to whom will Your claim be paid?

Benefits for Loss of life will be paid in accordance with Your life insurance beneficiary designation. Unless otherwise specified, benefits for all other Losses are payable to You.

Benefits for all other Losses will be paid as soon as due written proof is received. Benefits for all other Losses will be paid not more than 60 days after written proof is received.

Any payments other than for Loss of life which are owing at Your death may be paid to Your estate. If any payment is owed to:

- 1. Your estate;
- 2. a person who is a minor; or
- 3. a person who is not legally competent,

then We may pay up to \$1,000 to Your relative who is entitled to it in Our opinion. Any such payment shall fulfill Our responsibility for the amount paid.

What types of injuries are excluded from coverage?

No benefit will be paid for a Loss caused or contributed to by:

- 1. sickness;
- 2. disease:
- 3. any medical treatment for items (1) or (2);
- 4. any infection, except a pus-forming infection of an accidental cut or wound;
- 5. war or any act of war, whether war is declared or not;
- 6. any injury received while in any armed service of a country which is at war or engaged in armed conflict;
- 7. any intentionally self-inflicted injury, suicide, or suicide attempt, whether sane or insane;
- 8. taking drugs, sedatives, narcotics, barbiturates, amphetamines or hallucinogens unless prescribed for or administered by a licensed physician; or
- 9. the injured person's intoxication.

Intoxication means that blood alcohol content or the results of other means of testing blood alcohol level, meet or exceed the legal presumption of intoxication under the law of the state where the accident took place.

What is the benefit payable?

The benefit payable for any Loss is that which is shown opposite the Loss in the following schedule. The Principal Sum is shown in the Schedule of Insurance. No benefit is payable for any Loss which is not shown in the schedule below.

DESCRIPTION OF LOSS	BENEFIT
Loss of life	100%
Loss of hand above wrist but below elbow	50%
Loss of a foot permanently severed at or above the ankle but below the knee	50% + \$10,000
Loss of an arm permanently severed at or above the elbow	75%
Loss of a leg permanently severed at or above the knee	75%
Loss of sight in one eye	50%
Loss of any combination of hand, foot, or sight of one eye, as defined above	100%
Loss of the thumb and index finger of same hand	25%
Loss of speech and loss of hearing	100%
Loss of speech or loss of hearing	50%
Paralysis of both arms and both legs	100% + \$10,000
Paralysis of both legs	50% + \$10,000
Paralysis of the arm and leg on either side of the body	50% + \$10,000
Paralysis of one arm or leg	25% + \$10,000
Brain Damage	100%

Loss means the following:

- 1. Loss of a hand or foot means that it is completely cut off at or above the wrist or ankle joint.
- 2. Loss of an eye means that sight in the eye is completely lost and cannot be recovered or restored.
- 3. Loss of speech or hearing means that speech or hearing is lost entirely and the Loss cannot be recovered or restored. Hearing must be lost in both ears.
- 4. Loss of movement of limbs means that the movement is completely lost and is irreversible.
- 5. Loss of thumb and index finger means actual severance through or above the metacarpophalangeal joints.

What benefits are payable if Loss is incurred while a passenger on a common carrier?

If Loss is sustained while a passenger on or in:

- 1. any means of transportation licensed to carry passengers for money; or
- 2. a transport-type aircraft of the national military air transport service of any country,

then the Principal Sum shown in the preceding schedule will be doubled.

A passenger is defined to be an individual other than a pilot, operator or crew member who is riding in or on, boarding, or dismounting from a means of transportation.

This common carrier provision will not apply to a Loss sustained by a passenger in an aircraft owned, operated, chartered, or leased by or for the Employer.

Seat Belt/Air Bag Benefit

Subject to all conditions and limitations of this AD&D Benefit, if You suffer a Loss under the AD&D Benefit, while:

- 1. a passenger riding in; or
- 2. the licensed operator of,

an Automobile and, at the time of the accident, You were properly wearing a Seat Belt as verified on the police report, then a Seat Belt Benefit will be payable in addition to the Principal Sum.

What is the Seat Belt Benefit payable?

The Seat Belt Use benefit is an additional benefit equal to 100% of the Full Amount shown in the SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE. However, the amount We will pay for this benefit will not be less than \$5,000 or more than \$10,000.

What conditions are necessary for an Air Bag Benefit to become payable?

The Air Bag Use Benefit is an additional benefit equal to 100% of the Full Amount shown in the SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE. However, the amount We will pay for this benefit will not be less than \$5,000 or more than \$10,000 provided that:

- 1. You were positioned in a seat that was equipped with a factory installed Air Bag;
- 2. You were properly strapped in the Seat Belt when the Air Bag inflated; and
- 3. the police report establishes that the Air Bag inflated properly upon impact.

Air Bag means an inflatable supplemental passive restraint system installed by the manufacturer of the Automobile, or proper replacement parts as required by the Automobile manufacturer's specifications, that inflates upon collision to protect an individual from injury and death. An Air Bag is not considered a Seat Belt.

Automobile means a duly registered, four wheeled, private passenger car, pick-up truck, van, self-propelled motor home or sport utility vehicle which is not being used as a Common Carrier.

Common Carrier means a conveyance operated by a concern, other than the Employer, organized and licensed for the transportation of passengers for hire and operated by an employee of that concern.

Seat Belt means an unaltered belt, lap restraint, or lap and shoulder restraint installed by the manufacturer of the Automobile, or proper replacement parts as required by the Automobile manufacturer's specifications.

Education Benefit

Subject to all conditions and limitations of this AD&D Benefit, if You die, then an Education Benefit will be paid in addition to the Principal Sum. This benefit is payable to each of Your dependents who qualifies as a Student.

Who may qualify as a Student?

A Student, for the purpose of this Education Benefit, means a person who is Your dependent on the date of Your death, and who:

- 1. is a post-high school student who attends a school for higher learning on a Full-time basis on the date of Your death; or
- 2. became a Full-time post-high school student in a school for higher learning within 365 days after Your death and was a student in the 12th grade on the date of Your death.

The term "Full-time" student shall mean registered for not less than 12 course credit hours per semester. If the institution establishes full-time student status by a method other than semester credit hours, We reserve the right to determine whether the student qualifies as Full-time.

No benefit is payable to any dependent who has not furnished proof to Us of his Student status.

What is the Education Benefit payable?

The Education Benefit payable is 12% of your full Principal Sum up to \$5,000 per year, per child for up to 4 years:

We will not pay more than one Education Benefit per Student during any one school year.

If the Student is a minor, We will pay benefits to the Student's legal representative.

When will payments terminate?

The Education Benefit will no longer be payable on the first to occur of:

- 1. the date on which the 4th Education Benefit for a Student is paid; or
- 2. the end of the 12th consecutive month during which the dependent has not furnished satisfactory proof to Us that he is a Student.

What benefits are payable if no dependent qualifies as a Student?

If no dependent qualifies as a Student, then We will pay \$2,500 in accordance with Your beneficiary designation.

Day Care Benefit

Subject to all conditions and limitations of this AD&D Benefit, if You die, then a Day Care Benefit is payable in addition to the Principal Sum. The Day Care Benefit is payable for each dependent if:

- 1. such dependent is less than age 7 at the time of death; and
- 2. proof of such dependent's enrollment in a Day Care Program is provided as described below.

What is the Day Care Benefit payable?

The Day Care Benefit payable is the lesser of:

- 1. \$5,000 per year for up to 4 years; or
- 2. 12% of Your Principal Sum.

One Day Care Benefit is payable each year for each dependent who qualifies for Day Care Benefits. No more than four Day Care Benefits will be payable for each dependent. Payment will be made to the person who has primary responsibility for such dependent's expenses.

What proof must be given?

Proof of a dependent's enrollment in a Day Care Program may be in the form of, but will not be limited to, the following:

- 1. a copy of the dependent's approved enrollment application in a Day Care Program;
- 2. canceled check(s) which prove payment for a Day Care Program; or
- 3. a letter from the Day Care Program stating that the dependent:
 - a) is attending a Day Care Program; or
 - b) has been enrolled in a Day Care Program and will be attending within 365 days of the date of Your death.

Proof of enrollment must be sent to Us prior to the last day of the 12th month on or next following the date of Your death.

Day Care Program means a program of child care which:

- 1. is operated in a private home, school or other facility;
- 2. provides and charges a fee for the care of children; and
- 3. is licensed as a Day Care Center or is operated by a licensed Day Care Provider, if such licensing is required by the state or jurisdiction in which it is located; or
- 4. if licensing is not required, provides child care on a daily basis for 12 months a year.

A Day Care Program will not mean a program of child care which is provided by an immediate relative of the child receiving the care. An immediate relative is a sibling, parent, step-parent, grandparent, aunt, or uncle.

What benefits are payable if no person is eligible for Day Care Benefits?

If no dependent qualifies for Day Care Benefits, then We will pay \$2,500 in accordance with Your beneficiary designation.

Rehabilitation Benefit

Subject to all conditions and limitations of this AD&D Benefit, if You suffer a Loss other than loss of life, then a Rehabilitation Benefit will be paid in addition to the Principal Sum.

What is the Rehabilitation Benefit payable?

The Rehabilitation Benefit payable is the lesser of:

- 1. the Expense Incurred for Rehabilitative Training; or
- 2. \$10,000.

Rehabilitative Training means any training which:

- 1. is required due to Your injury; and
- 2. prepares You for an occupation in which You would not have engaged except for the injury.

Expense Incurred means the actual cost of the:

- 1. training; and
- 2. materials needed for the training.

The expense must be incurred during the two-year period that begins on the date of Your accident.

Spouse Education Benefit

Subject to all conditions and limitations of this AD&D Benefit, if You die, then a Spouse Education Benefit will be paid in addition to the Principal Sum. This benefit is payable to Your spouse.

What conditions are necessary for Spouse Education Benefits to become payable?

To qualify for this Benefit, Your spouse must enroll in an Occupational Training program:

- 1. for the purpose of obtaining an independent source of income; and
- 2. within one year of the date of Your death.

What is the Spouse Education Benefit payable?

The Spouse Education Benefit payable is 100% of the Principal Sum to a maximum of \$10,000 for up to 2 years.

We will pay the Spouse Education Benefit immediately after We receive proof that Your spouse has enrolled in an Occupational Training program.

What benefits are payable if there is no surviving spouse?

If there is no surviving spouse, We will pay \$2,500 in accordance with Your beneficiary designation.

Occupational Training means any:

- 1. education;
- 2. professional; or
- 3. trade training

program which prepares the spouse for an occupation for which he otherwise would not have been qualified.

Expense Incurred means:

- 1. the actual tuition charged, exclusive of room and board; and
- 2. the actual cost of the materials needed

for the Occupational Training program. The expense must be incurred during the two year period that begins on the date of Your death.

Adaptive Home and Vehicle Benefit

Subject to all conditions and limitations of this AD&D Benefit, if You are injured, then an Adaptive Home and Vehicle Benefit will be payable in addition to the Principal Sum. For this Benefit to be payable:

- 1. such home alterations must be:
 - a) made by a person or persons with experience in such alterations; and
 - b) recommended by a recognized organization associated with the injury;
- 2. such vehicle modifications must be:
 - a) carried out by a person or persons with experience in such matters; and
 - b) approved by the Motor Vehicle Department.

What is the Adaptive Home and Vehicle Benefit payable?

The Adaptive Home and Vehicle Benefit payable is the lesser of:

- 1. 5% of the Principal Sum; or
- 2. \$5,000; or
- 3. the actual one-time cost,

for such alterations and/or modifications, incurred within two years from the date of the accident, to Your:

- 1. principal residence; and/or
- 2. Private Automobile,

to make the residence accessible to You, or the Private Automobile driveable or rideable for You.

Private Automobile means a four wheeled, private passenger car, station wagon, pick-up truck, van or jeep-type automobile which is not being used as a Common Carrier.

Common Carrier means a conveyance operated by a concern, other than the Employer, organized and licensed for the transportation of passengers for hire and operated by an employee of that concern.

Coma Benefit

Subject to all conditions and limitations of this AD&D Benefit, if as a result of an injury You:

- 1. become Comatose, within 30 days from the date of the accident; and
- 2. remain continuously Comatose for at least 7 days,

then We will pay a Coma Benefit.

What is the Coma Benefit payable?

The Coma Benefit payable is a monthly amount equal to 1% beginning on the 7th day of the Coma for the duration of the Coma to a maximum of 60 months.

The Coma Maximum Benefit Amount equals the Principal Sum under the AD&D Benefit, less all other payments under the AD&D Benefit for all losses which are due to the same accident.

When will payments terminate?

The Coma Benefit will no longer be payable on the first to occur of the:

- 1. end of the month in which You die:
- 2. end of the month in which You recover from the Coma:
- 3. date on which the total of Coma Benefit payments equals the Coma Maximum Benefit Amount; or
- 4. date on which 100 Coma Benefit payments have been made.

Coma means complete and continuous:

- 1. unconsciousness; and
- 2. inability to respond to external or internal stimuli.

TERMINATION Employee Coverage

When does Your coverage terminate?

Unless continued in accordance with the Exceptions to Termination section, Your insurance will terminate on the first to occur of:

- 1. the date the Policy terminates;
- 2. the last day of the period for which You made any required premium contribution, if You fail to make any further required contribution;
- 3. the date You are no longer in a class eligible for coverage;
- 4. the date Your Employer terminates Your employment; or
- 5. the date You are absent from work as an Active Full-time Employee.

EXCEPTIONS TO TERMINATION

Under what conditions can Your insurance be continued under the continuation provisions?

If You are absent from work as an Active Full-time Employee, Your insurance may be continued up to the maximum period of time stated. In each instance, such continuation shall be at the Employer's option, but must be according to a plan which applies to all employees in the same way. Continued coverage:

- 1. is subject to any reductions in the Policy;
- 2. is subject to payment of premium by the Employer; and
- 3. terminates when the Policy terminates.

If You are on a documented leave of absence, other than Family or Medical Leave, all of Your coverages may be continued for up to 12 months in which the leave of absence commenced.

If You are laid off due to lack of work, all of Your coverages may be continued until the last day of the month following the month in which the layoff commenced.

If Your employment status changes from full-time to part-time, all of Your coverages may be continued for 3 consecutive month(s) following the date of such change in employment status.

If You are granted a leave of absence according to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, all of Your coverages may be continued for up to 12 weeks, or 26 weeks if You qualify for Family Military Leave, or longer if required by state law, following the date Your insurance would have terminated, subject to the following:

- 1. the leave authorization must be in writing;
- 2. the required premium for You must be paid;
- 3. Your benefit level will be that which was in effect on the day before said leave started, subject to any reductions included in the Policy;
- 4. the amount of Earnings upon which Your benefit may be based, will be that which was in effect on the day before said leave started; and
- 5. continued coverage will cease immediately if one of the following events should occur:
 - a) the leave terminates prior to the agreed upon date;
 - b) the Policy terminates;
 - c) You or the Policyholder fail to pay premium when due; or
 - d) the Policy no longer insures Your class.

In all other respects, the terms of Your insurance remain unchanged.

If You are absent from work due to sickness or injury, all of Your coverages may be continued until the last day of a period of 12 month (s) which begins on the date You were first absent from work as an Active Full-time Employee. If You feel that Your condition may continue for an extended period of time, You should request that Your Employer file a waiver of premium claim.

Continuation of Insurance During a Labor Dispute

If Your coverage terminates due to a cessation of active work as the result of a labor dispute, Your coverage shall be continued during such dispute.

Continued coverage shall terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

- 1. the date You fail to make timely payment to the Employer of the required contribution necessary for the continuation of coverage;
- 2. the date on which less than 75% of the employees whose coverage is continued in accordance with this provision participate by making timely payment to the Employer of the required contribution necessary for the continuation of their coverage;
- 3. the date the Employer fails to make timely payment to Us of the premium required for the continuation of coverage;
- 4. the last day of the six month period following the date the labor dispute commenced; or
- 5. the date the labor dispute ceases.

What is Waiver of Premium?

Waiver of premium is a provision which allows for continued employee life insurance, without payment of premium, while You are Disabled.

To what coverages does the Waiver of Premium apply?

These provisions apply only to Your Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance.

Waiver of Premium does not apply to any AD&D Insurance.

What conditions must be satisfied before You qualify for Waiver of Premium?

- 1. You must be less than age 60, insured and Disabled; and
- 2. acceptable proof of Your condition must be furnished to Us within one year of Your last day of work as an Active Full-time Employee.

What does Disabled mean?

Disabled means that You have a condition that prevents You from doing any work for which You are or could become qualified by education, training or experience and it is expected that this condition will last for at least six consecutive months from Your last day of work as an Active Full-time Employee; or You have been diagnosed with a life expectancy of 12 months or less.

When will We waive premium?

We will waive premium after proof that You are Disabled is provided by an attending physician licensed to practice in the United States and We approve the proof. You will be notified by Us of the date We will begin to waive premium.

Continued coverage will be subject to any age reductions provided by any part of the Policy.

What if You die before You qualify for Waiver of Premium?

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- 1. You should die within one year of Your last day of work as an Active Full-time Employee but prior to qualifying for waiver of premium; and
- 2. You were Disabled.

We will pay the Amount of Life Insurance which is in force for You.

Can We have You examined for proof that You continue to be Disabled?

During the first two years following the date You qualify as Disabled, We may have You examined at reasonable intervals. Thereafter, We will only require an annual examination to confirm that You continue to be Disabled. If You fail to submit any required proof or refuse to be examined as required by Us, then Your coverage will terminate.

What if You are no longer Disabled?

If, for any reason, You are no longer Disabled, Your premium will no longer be waived. On that date, You may or may not return to work.

If You return to work in an Eligible Class, then all of Your coverages will be reinstated subject to the terms of the Policy in effect on the reinstatement date.

If You do not return to work within an Eligible Class, and You are not eligible for any other group life insurance, then You are entitled to the Conversion Privilege. You may convert the Amount of Life Insurance that is in force for You on the date it is determined that You are no longer Disabled.

How long will premiums be waived?

Your premium will be waived and Your coverage will be continued until You attain age 65.

On the date waiver of premium terminates, if You do not return to work, You will be entitled to convert Your coverage. You may convert no more than Your Amount of Life Insurance that is in force on the date waiver of premium terminates.

What if the Policy terminates before You qualify for waiver of premium?

If the Policy terminates before You qualify for waiver of premium, You may be eligible to convert. Additionally, You may later be approved for waiver of premium.

What if the Policy terminates after You qualify for waiver of premium?

Termination of the Policy will not affect Your coverage under the terms of this provision.

CONVERSION PRIVILEGE

The following does not apply to any AD&D Benefits.

When can an individual convert?

If insurance, or any portion thereof, terminates, then any individual covered under the Policy may convert his life insurance to a conversion policy without providing Evidence of Good Health.

If the qualifying event is policy termination or termination of coverage for a class then the individual must have been insured for at least 5 years under the Policy in order to be eligible for this conversion privilege.

What is the conversion policy?

The conversion policy will:

- 1. be on one of the life insurance policy forms, except term insurance, then customarily issued by Us for conversion purposes;
- 2. contain no disability, supplementary or AD&D benefits; and
- 3. be effective on the 32nd day after group life insurance terminates.

How much can be converted?

If the qualifying event is policy termination or termination of coverage for a class, then the amount which may be converted is limited to the lesser of:

- 1. the amount of group coverage in force prior to the qualifying event, reduced by the amount of any other group coverage for which the individual becomes covered within 31 days of termination of group coverage; or
- 2. \$2,000.

If conversion is due to retirement or any other qualifying event, the full amount of coverage lost may be converted.

How does an individual convert coverage?

To convert life insurance, the individual must, within 31 days of the date group coverage terminates, make written application to Us and pay the premium required for his age and class of risk.

What if death occurs during the conversion election period?

If the individual should die within the 31 day conversion election period, We will, upon receipt of acceptable proof of His death, pay the Amount of Life Insurance He was entitled to convert.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

When can this plan be contested?

Except for non-payment of premium, the Policy cannot be contested after two years from the Policy Effective Date.

No statement relating to insurability will be used to contest the insurance for which the statement was made after the insurance has been in force for two years during the individual's lifetime. In order to be used, the statement must be in writing and signed by the affected individual.

Are there any rights of assignment?

Except for the dismemberment benefits under the AD&D Benefit, You have the right to absolutely assign all of Your rights and interest under the Policy including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. the right to make any contributions required to keep the insurance in force;
- 2. the privilege of converting; and
- 3. the right to name and change a beneficiary.

However, You may not assign rights to the Employer, and if You are terminally ill, You may not make an absolute assignment if the benefits under the Policy would be used as collateral for a loan.

No absolute assignment of rights and interest shall be binding on Us until and unless:

- 1. the original of the form documenting the absolute assignment; or
- 2. a true copy of it,

is received and acknowledged by Us at our home office.

We have no responsibility:

- 1. for the validity or effect of any assignment; or
- 2. to provide any assignee with notices which We may be obligated to provide to You.

How do You designate or change Your beneficiary?

You may designate or change a beneficiary by doing so in writing on a form satisfactory to Us and filing the form with the Employer. Only satisfactory forms sent to the Employer prior to Your death will be accepted.

Designations will become effective as of the date You signed and dated the form, even if You have since died. We will not be liable for any amounts paid before receiving notice of a beneficiary change from the Employer.

In no event may a beneficiary be changed by a Power of Attorney.

Can We have a claimant examined or request an autopsy?

We reserve the right to have a claimant examined and to have an autopsy performed, if not forbidden by law. Any such examinations will be as reasonably required by Us and at Our expense.

What notification will You receive if Your claim is denied?

If a claim for benefits is wholly or partly denied, the claimant will be furnished with written notification of the decision. This written decision will:

- 1. give the specific reason(s) for the denial;
- 2. make specific reference to the provisions upon which the denial is based; and
- 3. provide an explanation of the review procedure.

What recourse do You have if Your claim is denied?

On any denied claim, the claimant or His representative may appeal to Us for a full and fair review.

The claimant may:

- 1. request a review upon written application within 60 days of receipt of claim denial;
- 2. review pertinent documents; and
- 3. submit issues and comments in writing.

A request for an appeal will not be denied if not submitted within 60 days if it is not reasonably possible to make such request within 60 days. In this case, the request must be submitted as soon as reasonably possible thereafter.

A decision will be made by Us no more than 60 days after the receipt of the request, except in special circumstances (such as the need to hold a hearing), but in no event more than 120 days after the request for review is received.

When can legal action be taken?

Legal action cannot be taken against Us:

- 1. sooner than 60 days after proof of loss has been furnished; or
- 2. 3 or more years after the time proof of loss is required to be furnished according to the terms of the Policy.

How does this plan affect Workers' Compensation coverage?

The Policy does not replace Workers' Compensation or affect any requirement for Workers' Compensation coverage.

Physician-patient Relationship

You may choose any licensed physician. We shall not in any way disturb the physician-patient relationship.

DEFINITIONS

Active Full-time Employee – An employee who works for the Employer on a regular basis in the usual course of the Employer's business. An employee must work at least the number of hours in the Employer's normal work week. This must be at least 20 hours. You will be considered actively at work with Your Employer on a day which is one of Your Employer's scheduled work days if You are performing, in the usual way, all of the regular duties of Your job on a Full-time basis on that day. You will also be considered actively at work on a paid vacation day or a day which is not one of Your Employer's scheduled work days only if You were actively at work on the preceding scheduled work day.

Amount of Life Insurance – This term means both the Basic and Supplemental Life Amounts unless otherwise stated in specific provisions and benefits.

Anniversary Date – The date occurring in each calendar year which is an anniversary of the Policy Effective Date.

Employer – The Policyholder named in the Schedule of Insurance.

He/His – He or she. His or her.

Prior Plan – A plan of group term life insurance sponsored by the Employer which was in force on the day before the Policy Effective Date.

We/Us/Our – The Hartford Life and Accident Insurance Company.

You/Your – The employee to whom this Booklet-certificate is issued.

The Plan Described in this Booklet is Insured by the

Hartford Life and Accident Insurance Company Hartford, Connecticut

Member of The Hartford Insurance Group

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