

Emergency

Emergency assistance, call 911.

Medical

To get medical attention, go to the nearest emergency room, medical provider or the Student Health Center on campus. A Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) at the local hospital will help ensure that you are healthy, provide options to prevent pregnancy or sexually transmitted infections, and collect valuable evidence that may be useful in the future, even if you are unsure about pursuing legal action now. Physical evidence can only be collected up to 72 hours after an assault.

Report a Concern to the College and Get Support

You may report a concern and seek assistance from staff/faculty. However, they cannot guarantee you confidentiality, as they must notify the Title IV Officer. They will also explain your options and resources and attend to your immediate needs for safety and interim measures (e.g. no contact orders, academic accommodations counseling, escort, etc).

Talk to Someone, Confidentially

You may not be ready to take action but want to speak with someone confidentially, Psychologists at the Student Health Center are permitted by the nature of their profession to maintain your confidentiality.

Understanding the College’s Disciplinary Process

You are encouraged to contact the Dean of Student Affairs (also the Title IV Officer), who is responsible for investigating all reports of sexual assault and relationship violence, including the provision of interim measures and final administrative remedies.

Reporting a Criminal Concern

Sexual assault and relationship violence are crimes. The College encourages you to contact local law enforcement to report a crime. Pico Rivera Sheriffs (562) 949-2421.

Family and Friends

Remember that family and friends can offer support too.

IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS

Police

- Emergency, call 9-911, from any campus phone
- Pico Rivera Sheriff’s (562) 949-2421

Campus Security (562) 908-3490, Room A117

Students may also report to the Dean of Student Affairs (Title IV Officer)

- (562) 908-3498, Room SS-204
- lnashua@riohondo.edu

Psychological Services (in the Health Center on Campus)

- Confidential/Private
- (562) 908-3438, Room SS-230

Community resources for victims of sexual assault

- Peace Over Violence. Rape/battering hotlines: (626) 793-3385, (310) 392-8381, (213) 626-3393
- Project SISTER Family Services: hotlines: (909) 626-HELP (4357), (626) 966-4155, (909) 623-1619, (626) 915-2533
- Rape Treatment Center (UCLA): (310) 319-4000

National Resources

- RAINN (Rape, Abuse & Incent National Network). Hotline (800) 656-HOPE (4673).

Office of Student Affairs

YOU ARE NOT ALONE

Sexual Assault and Relationship Violence Reporting and Resources



I think I have experienced some type of sexual assault, but I am not sure.....

Sexual Violence

Sexual Violence is defined as physical sexual acts engaged without the consent of the other person or when the other person is unable to consent to the activity. Sexual violence includes sexual assault, rape, battery, and sexual coercion, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking.

Sexual Assault

Sexual assault occurs when physical sexual activity is engaged without the consent of the other person or when the other person is unable to consent to the activity. The activity or conduct may include physical force, violence, threat, or intimidation, ignoring the objections of the other person, causing the other person's intoxication or incapacitation through the use of drugs or alcohol or taking advantage of the other person's incapacitation (including voluntary intoxication).

Dating Violence

Controlling, abusive, and aggressive behavior, which can include verbal, emotional, physical, or sexual abuse or a combination of these during the dating process, in either heterosexual or same sex relationships. The existence of a romantic or intimate relationship will be determined based on the length of the relationship, the type of relationship and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.



Domestic Violence

Domestic Violence is defined as abuse committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by:

- a current or former spouse of the victim;
- by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse;
- by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under California law or
- by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under California law.

Stalking

Stalking is behavior in which a person willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly follows or willfully and maliciously, harasses another person and who makes a credible threat with the intent to place that person in reasonable fear for this or her safety, or the safety of his or her immediate family.

Rape

Under California Penal Code 261, rape is summarized as sexual intercourse against an individual's will accomplished by force or threat of bodily injury if the victim does not submit to the intercourse, or where the victim is incapable of giving consent or prevented from resisting due to being intoxicated, drugged, or unconscious or asleep.

Consent

Consent is **informed**. Consent is an affirmative, unambiguous, and conscious decision by each participant to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity.

Consent is **voluntary**. It must be given without coercion, force, threats, or intimidation. Consent means positive cooperation in the act or expression of intent to engage in the act pursuant to an exercise of free will.

Consent is **revocable**. Consent to some form of sexual activity does not imply consent to other forms of sexual activity. Consent to sexual activity on one occasion is not consent to engage in sexual activity on another occasion. A current or previous dating or sexual relationship, by itself, is not sufficient to constitute consent. Even in the context of the relationship, there must be mutual consent to engage in sexual activity. Consent must be on going through a sexual encounter and can be revoked at any time. Once consent is withdrawn, the sexual activity must stop immediately.

Consent cannot be given when a person is incapacitated. A person cannot consent if she/he is unconscious or coming in and out of consciousness. A person cannot consent if she/he is under the threat of violence, bodily injury or other forms of coercion. A person cannot consent if her/his understanding of the act is affected by a physical or mental impairment.